The following items must be included for the plan to be approved:
Cover page with name, address, and Department-issued park ID number.
How residents may obtain a copy of the EPP.
Map of the park showing the exits out of the park.
Elevation of the park property.
Local police and fire department contact information.
Local radio station frequencies (these will become emergency broadcast stations in a disaster).
Types of disasters common to the area (e.g., fires, earthquakes, floods, etc.).
General information for multiple types of disasters such as floods, earthquakes, fires, and other emergencies (this information can be obtained from the booklet).
Explanation of how residents may obtain additional materials for establishing an individual household emergency plan, individual household emergency supply kits, and individual home safety recommendations (this information can be obtained from the booklet).
Contact information for emergency government agencies including the California Governor's Office of Emergency Services (Cal OES), and community assistance organizations or other emergency agencies' phone numbers (this information can be obtained from the booklet).
In addition to the actual plan, a notice must be distributed to the residents and posted in a publicly accessible area within the park that:
Provides information on how to obtain a copy of the EPP.
Indentifies additional state and local agencies' individual emergency preparedness information including, but not limited to, the California Governor's Office of Emergency Services (Cal OES).
Provides information on how to obtain the EPP in a language other than English.
When submitting EPP documentation to the enforcement agency to obtain a permit to operate, you must include:
Copy of the EPP available to the residents.
Copy of the notice given to residents.
Statement that the residents were given a copy of the notice.
Statement indicating where the EPP notice is posted in the park.

NOTE: Please include this checklist when resubmitting your park's corrected EPP.

The CA Governor's Office of Emergency Services (OES)'s Approved Disaster Manual

Del Yermo RV Park 263 East Alamo Street, Calipatria, Ca 92233 PARK ID #13-0148

Contents are emergency procedures and plans approved by the Standardized Emergency Management System Advisory Board on November 21, 1997, entitled "Emergency Plans for Mobilehome Parks," and compiled by the former Office of Emergency Services in compliance with the Governor's Executive Order W-156-97. Table of Contents

Part I: Emergency Plans for Del Yermo RV Park

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Agencies and Resources

Emergency Evacuation List

Residents by Section

The order of evacuation is for Section! to evacuate first, then Section 2 evacuates second and continues sequentially by Section number until the entire park has been evacuated.

Section Number	Space Numbers
1	1-7
2	8-14
3	15-21
4	22-27
5	28-33
6	34-39
7	40-45

Evacuation Site

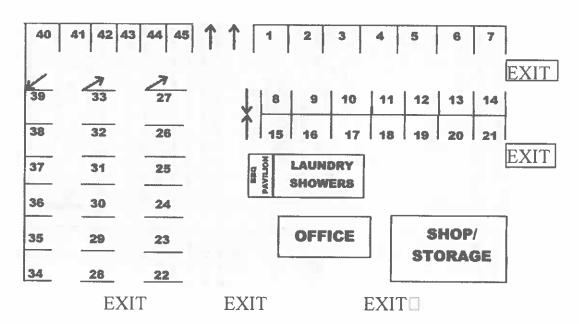
Predetermined buildings/sites to evacuate to in the case of a Natural Disaster:

Calipatria High School

601 W Main St, Calipatria, CA 92233

In the event of a disaster which does not require evacuation of the entire park, the designated site of evacuation within the park could be the community laundry room, if available.

EXIT



Regulations

California Code of Regulations, Title 23 § 114, subds. (a) and (b)

To assist your park in preparing an emergency plan you should be familiar with the current governing regulations and requirements for parks in a floodway. California Code of Regulations Title 23, Section 114 outlines the existing general evacuation procedures for mobilehome and recreational vehicle parks in a floodway.

- a. The following definitions apply to this section:
 - (1) Existing Mobile Home Park –means any area within a floodway on which two or more mobile homes have been maintained prior to the adoption of the area as an authorized flood control project, as a plan of flood control, or as a designated floodway.
 - b. Mobile home parks are subject to the following requirements:
 - (1) New mobile home parks are not permitted within an adopted plan of flood control except in floodway areas classified as zone B as described in § 113.
 - (2) New mobile home parks are not permitted on a levee section or within ten feet of a levee toe.
 - (3) Existing mobile home parks located within an adopted plan of flood control may remain if a permit from the Reclamation Board has been obtained, a current implementable evacuation plan is on file with the board, and the following criteria continue to be enforced:
 - 1. The locations of all structures, mobile homes, recreational vehicles, and appurtenances are shown on the evacuation plan.
 - 2. The location of the river staff gauge and the gauge height that will indicate an evacuation of a mobile home park are shown on the evacuation plan.
 - 3. The number of tow vehicles and the usual location of such tow vehicle to be used to evacuate a mobile home park are shown on the evacuation plan.
 - 4. The locations of emergency storage areas outside the floodway for the mobile homes, recreational vehicles, portable and floatable structures are shown on the evacuation plan.
 - 5. The route to be used to evacuate mobile homes from a mobile home park to the emergency storage area is shown on the evacuation plan.
 - After the initiation of an evacuation, all mobile homes not anchored in place and all recreational vehicles, and portable and floatable structures are removed from the floodway within the time period specified in the evacuation plan.
 - 7. Existing multiple-wide mobile homes, unless specially designed for quick removal, are anchored in place with concrete deadmen.
 - 8. New multiple-wide mobile homes, unless specially designed for quick removal, are not permitted.
 - A copy of the evacuation plan is provided to all residents of the mobile home park.
 - 10. The park permittee or the manager has a duplicate of all keys necessary to move a mobile home and a signed statement allowing the removal of an absentee owner's mobile home during an emergency evacuation.
 - The permittee of a mobile home park accepts sole responsibility for initiating an evacuation of the park.
 - 12. Mobile homes not anchored in place, all portable structures, and recreational vehicles have axles, wheels, and any required tow hitch installed, and are in a readily movable condition at all times.
 - 13. Any related structures, such as laundry rooms or storage buildings, are securely anchored to prevent floatation during high water and are not utilized for human habitation.
 - 14. If significant flood damage occurs to any of the mobile homes or other park structures due to failure of the evacuation plan or its execution, the park may not continue operating without approval of the board.

1994 Uniform Fire Code

Standard 82-1 (g) Where necessary to prevent flotation due to possible high flood waters around above ground containers, or high water table for those underground, containers shall be securely anchored.

Introduction

The most important feature of any home is something you probably do not see when you walk through the door. But it could save your life. It is safety. Safety comes in all shapes and sizes: smoke detectors; fire extinguishers; escape routes; carefully maintained heating and electrical systems; and knowing what to do and where to go in case of fire, flood, tornado, or other disasters. The key to being prepared in the event of a disaster or sudden emergency is preplanning and practice drills.

Disaster Preparedness Emergency Plan

The next time disaster strikes, you may not have much time to act. Prepare now for a sudden emergency. Knowing what to do in an emergency is your best protection and your responsibility. Learn how to protect yourself and your family by planning ahead. To obtain more information, you may want to contact your local emergency management agency or civil defense office and the local American Red Cross chapter - be prepared to take notes. You will need to gather the following information:

- Find out which disasters are most likely to occur in your area.
- Ask how to prepare for each disaster.
- Ask how you would be warned of an emergency.
- Learn about your community's warning signals: what they sound like and what you should do when
 you hear them.
- Learn your community's main evacuation routes.
- If needed, ask about special assistance for the elderly or disabled persons.
- Ask about animal care during and after an emergency. Animals may not be allowed inside emergency shelters due to health regulations.

Checklist of Emergency Procedures

Meet with your family and discuss why you need to prepare for disasters. Explain the dangers of fire, severe weather and earthquakes to children, elderly individuals, and persons needing special assistance. Plan to share responsibilities and work together as a team. The following may be used in creating your own Emergency Response Plan:

- Draw a floor plan of your residence and mark two escape routes from each room.
- Install safety features in your home, such as smoke detectors and fire extinguishers.
- Discuss what to do in an evacuation.
- Find the safe spots in your home for each type of disaster.
- Post emergency telephone numbers near the telephone.
- Instruct household members to turn on a battery powered radio for emergency information.

- Pick one out-of-state and one local friend or relative for family members to call if separated by disaster (it is often easier to call out-of-state than within the affected area).
- Teach children how and when to call 9-1-1 and a long distance contact person.
- Pick two meeting places: 1) a place near your home in case of fire; 2) a place outside your neighborhood in case you cannot return home after a disaster.
- Keep family records in a water and fire-proof container.
- Locate the main electric fuse box, water service main, and natural gas main shut off valve to your mobilehome. Learn how and when to turn these utilities off. Teach all responsible family members. Keep necessary tools near gas and water shut-off valves. Turn off the utilities only if you suspect the lines are damaged or if you are instructed to do so. If you turn the gas off, you will need a professional to turn it back on.
- Take a basic first aid and CPR class.
- Prepare a disaster supply kit.

If Disaster Strikes

- Remain calm and patient. Put your plan into action.
- Check for injuries; give first aid and get help for seriously injured.
- Listen to your battery powered radio for news and instructions.
- Evacuate if advised to do so. Wear appropriate clothing and sturdy shoes.
- Check for damage to your home use a flashlight only. Do not light matches or turn on electrical switches, if you suspect damage.
- Check for fires, fire hazards and other household hazards.
- If you are remaining in your home, sniff for gas leaks, starting at the hot water heater. If you smell
 gas or suspect a leak, turn off the main gas valve, open windows, and get everyone outside quickly.
- Shut off any other damaged utilities.
- Clean up spilled medicines, bleaches, gasoline and any other flammable liquids immediately.

Remember to:

- Remember to confine or secure your pets.
- Call your family contact do not use the telephone again unless it is a life threatening emergency.

- Check on your neighbors, especially elderly or disabled persons.
- Make sure you have an adequate water supply in case service is shut off.
- Stay away from downed power lines.

Earthquake

Prior to any earthquake, each resident should preplan and practice steps they will take in the event of an earthquake. Manufactured home owners/residents need to know the physical location of piers/supports under their homes. During a severe earthquake, manufactured homes have been known to drop off their supports and these supports may come through the floor causing physical damage above. In order to avoid injury,

residents must know the location of the supports and where safe areas are located within their manufactured homes.

Be sure your manufactured home is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and all applicable state regulations and requirements.

- Indoors: take cover under any sturdy piece of furniture or doorway or get up on a bed or couch that
 is against a wall.
- Stay away from windows or ceiling objects such as lighting fixtures.
- Do not light matches or candles.
- Do not turn on electrical equipment of any kind.
- Use only battery operated flash lights and radios.
- Outdoors: find an open area and remain there until the earthquake stops.
- Stay away from power poles and electrical lines, tall buildings, bridges, brick or block walls, underpasses and trees.
- Listen to a self contained (battery operated) radio for emergency instructions.
- Confine and secure all pets so they will not hamper emergency service employees in the performance of their duties.
- After shocks may occur, so be prepared.

Fire Safety

Fire spreads quickly and the entire structure may rapidly become engulfed in flames. There are steps you can take to minimize the dangers associated with fires and improve your families chances of survival should a fire erupt in your manufactured home.

- Be sure you have properly operating smoke detectors and fire extinguishers. If one or more of your smoke detectors are battery operated, replace the batteries annually or more often if necessary. An easy to remember schedule is to change your batteries to coincide with daylight savings time.
- Plan, with the whole family, at least two escape routes from your manufactured home.

- Practice fire drills regularly, using a smoke detector as a signal to start the drill. Follow your escape plan.
- Be sure your heating and electrical systems are properly maintained and in good working order.
 Change the heating filters as recommended by the heater manufacturer.
- Carefully follow the instructions on all appliances and heating units, taking special care not to overload your electrical system.
- Be especially careful when displaying your holiday decorations.
- Keep matches, lighters, and candles away from small children. Children tend to be curious about fire
 and tend to hide when frightened. Fire drills are most important for children between the ages of 2
 and 12 years old.
- Insure your personal property. Shop around for a company that best meets your needs for renter's
 or home owner's insurance.
- Store important documents, such as birth certificates, marriage licenses, social security cards, and insurance papers, in a fire-proof box or in the refrigerator, or rent a safety deposit box at your local bank.
- Make an itemized list of your personal property, including furniture, clothing, appliances, and other
 valuables. If available, make a video tape of your home and your possessions. Keep the list and/or
 tape up-to-date and store them along with the other important documents.

In Case of Fire

- Immediately assess the problem (where, extent involved, to assist you in exiting away from the fire source)
- Know how to use a fire extinguisher
- Get everyone out of the house immediately
- Without risk to any person, get pets out of the house
- Call 9-1-1 or the Fire Department then call the park office (from a neighbors phone) and:
 - 1. Give your name, telephone number you are calling from, park address, space number where the fire is, any helpful locational directions.
 - 2. Describe the type/nature of the fire (gas, wood, chemical, electrical).
 - 3 . State that the fire is in a manufactured home and report any known injuries.
 - 4. Turn off the gas and electricity at the home(s) affected.
 - Tell all residents near the fire source to stand ready with water hoses to wet down their homes or adjacent building(s) in case of traveling sparks.

- Make sure all occupants have left the affected home and immediately let the fire department personnel know if any disabled person(s) or anyone not accounted for and may still be in the residence.
- Never go back into a burning home.
- 8. If smoky conditions are present, remember that smoke rises and stay as close to the floor as possible. Before exiting through a door, feel the bottom of the door with the palm of your hand. If it is hot, find another way out. Never open a door that is hot to the touch.
- 9. Should your clothing catch fire: first *cover your face and mouth*, drop...then roll. Never run. If a rug or blanket is handy, roll yourself up in it until the fire is out.
- 10. If trapped on an upper floor, hang something out of a window to signal rescuers.

Floods

- >> Flood Watch means that there is the possibility of flooding.
- >> Flood Warning means that flooding has begun or is imminent.

Before a flood:

- Know the elevation of your property in relation to nearby streams, rivers, and lakes.
- Have several escape routes planned.
- The National Weather Service continuously broadcasts updated weather conditions, warnings and forecasts on National Oceanic Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) weather radios. A NOAA radio may be purchased at radio or electronic stores. Local broadcast stations transmit Emergency Alert System messages which may be heard on standard radios.
- When rising water threatens, move everything possible to higher ground.
- If flooding is imminent and time permits, turn off main electrical switch.
- Disconnect all electrical appliances. Cover outlets with tape.
- Prepare and maintain your Family Disaster Supplies Kit.
- Most standard residential insurance policies do not cover flood loss.
- In flood-prone areas, the National Flood Insurance Program makes flood insurance available for manufactured homes on foundations. See your insurance broker for details.
- Secure your Liquefied Petroleum Gas Containers. One option is to secure the tanks with stainless steel straps that connect to auger anchors in the ground.
- Strap and secure your hot water heater.

During a flood:

- Take all flood warnings seriously. Do not wait. Get to higher ground immediately as flood waters
 often rise faster than expected.
- If time permits, take all important papers, photographs, medicines, and eye-glasses.
- If one escape route is not passable do not waste any time try another route or back track to higher ground.
- Use travel routes specified by local officials. Never drive through flooded roadways. Do not bypass
 or go around barricades.
- Wear life preservers if possible. Wear appropriate clothing and sturdy shoes.
- Avoid any contact with flood water. Flood water may be contaminated and pose health problems. If cuts or wounds come in contact with flood waters, clean the wound as thoroughly as possible.
- Take your Family Disaster Supplies Kit with you.
- Lock your home before leaving.
- When you reach a safe place, call your pre-determined family contact person.

After Flood:

- Return home only after authorities say the danger of more flooding is over.
- Do not drink tap water unless it is declared safe. Boil water if unsure.
- If fresh food has come in contact with flood waters, throw it out.
- Do not turn on main electrical switch. First have the electrical system checked by a professional.
- A flood can cause emotional and physical stress. You need to look after yourself and your family as you focus on cleanup and repair.
- Rest often and eat well. Keep a realistic and manageable schedule.
- Make a list and do jobs one at a time.
- Contact the American Red Cross and get a copy of the book Repairing Your Flooded Home. The book will tell you how to safely return to your home and begin the recovery process.

First Aid

 Information on first aid can be found in your local phone book or by contacting the American Red Cross.

- Utilize known persons who are medically trained (such as doctors, nurses, or people medically trained in CPR and first aid) to assist in administering first aid to those injured.
- If the injured individual(s) are in imminent danger they should carefully be moved to a safe location to administer first aid.
- In the case where injuries are severe and movement could cause further injuries, do not move the injured. Make the injured person(s) as comfortable as possible and wait for emergency personnel.
- Before emergencies, prepare a first aid kit. Have the kit in an easy to locate place. Make sure all family members know the location of the kit.

Sample First Aid Kit:

- Sterile adhesive bandages in assorted sizes
- 2 and 4-inch sterile gauze pads (4-6 each)
- Hypoallergenic adhesive tape
- Triangle bandages (3)
- 2 and 3-inch sterile roller bandages (3 rolls each)
- Scissors
- Tweezers
- Needle
- Moistened towelettes
- Antiseptic
- Thermometer
- Tongue blades (2)
- Tube of petroleum jelly or other lubricant
- Assorted sizes of safety pins
- Cleansing agent/soap
- Latex gloves (2 pairs)
- Sunscreen
- Aspirin
- Syrup of Ipecac
- Activated charcoal (use only if advised by the Poison Control Center)

Government and Relief Agencies estimate that after a major disaster, it could take up to three days for relief workers to reach some areas. In such cases, a 72 hour disaster supply kit could mean the difference between life and death. In other emergencies, a 72 hour disaster supply kit means the difference between having a miserable experience or one that's like a pleasant family camp out. In the event of an evacuation, you will need to have items in an easy-to-carry container like a backpack or duffle bag.

Family Disaster Supplies Kit

- 3-5 gallons of water (one gallon of water per person per day)
- Method of water purification
- Food: ready-to-eat canned meats, fruits, and vegetables; canned juices, milk, soup; high energy foods - peanut butter, jelly, crackers, granola bars, trail mix; specialty foods for infants, elderly persons or persons on special diets; comfort/stress foods -cookies, hard candy, sweetened cereals, lollipops, instant coffee, tea bags; vitamins
- Matches in a waterproof container
- Second method of starting a fire
- Tent/shelter

- Wool-blend blankets or sleeping bags (1 per person)
- Emergency reflective blanket
- Lightweight stove and fuel
- Hand and body warm packs
- Rain poncho
- Flashlights with extra batteries, light sticks, lantern with fuel and wicks
- Tools (pliers, hammer, screw drivers, bolt cutters, pocket/utility knife)
- Shovel and hatchet or axe
- Sewing kit
- 50-foot nylon rope
- First aid kit and supplies, including burn gel and dressings
- Bottle of potassium iodide tablets
- Radio, batteries, and extra batteries
- Whistle with neck cord
- Personal sanitation equipment
- Personal comfort kit (include soap, toothbrush, toothpaste, comb, tissue, razor, deodorant), and any
 other needed items
- Extra Clothing (include at least one complete change of clothing and footwear per person per day)
 extra socks, underwear, hat, gloves, and sturdy shoes
- Mess kits, paper cups, plates and plastic utensils
- Cash (at least \$20) or traveler's checks, change for phone calls
- Non-electric can opener
- Fire extinguisher: small canister, ABC type
- Important family papers (copies of birth certificates, marriage licenses, wills, insurance forms, phone numbers, credit card information)
- Sun block/sun glasses, hat
- Portable toilet
- Insect repellent
- Tape
- Compass
- Aluminum foil
- Signal flare
- Household chlorine bleach
- Special or prescription medication.
- Baby items formula, diapers, bottles, powdered milk, medications, and favorite security items
- Games, books, toys
- Contact lenses and supplies; a spare set of contacts or glasses if available
- You should inspect your kit at least twice a year. Rotate food and water every six months. Check children's clothing for proper fit. Adjust clothing for winter or summer needs. Check expiration dates on batteries, light sticks, warm packs, food and water.
- Keep a light source stored in the top of your kit for easy access in the dark. Your kit should be in a portable container located near an exit of your house. A large plastic garbage can with a lid makes an excellent storage container. Make sure you have not overloaded your kit as you may have to carry it long distances to reach safety or shelter. You may want to have a backpack or duffle bag for each family member and divide up the rations in the event that family members are separated during evacuation or the disaster.

The following is a partial listing of contact agencies who supplied information for this guidance and may be able to provide additional emergency information.

State-Federal Flood Operations Center

(800) 952-5530

Office of the State Fire Marshal

(916) 262-1870

Department of Water Resources

(Flood Forecasting) (916) 574-2612

Department of Housing & Community Development (HCD)

Division of Codes and Standards, Manufactured Housing Section (916) 445-3338

HCD Southern Area Office

3737 Main St, Ste 400 Riverside, CA 92501 (909) 782-4420

Governor's Office of Emergency Services (OES)

Counties of Mono, Inyo, San Bernardino, Riverside, San Diego, and Imperial (562) 795-2900

Western Propane Gas Association

2131 Capitol Ave, Ste 206 Sacramento, CA 95816 (916) 447-9742

American Red Cross

Disaster Assistance Division (916) 368-3130

Earthquake Preparedness Center of Expertise

Attn: CESPD-CO-EQ 211 Main Street San Francisco, CA 94105-1905 (415) 744-2809

Western Manufactured Housing Communities Association (WMA)

455 Capitol Mall, Ste 800 Sacramento, CA 95814 (916) 448-7002

California Mobilehome Resource & Action Association (CMRAA)

3381 Stevens Creek Blvd, Ste 210 San Jose, CA 95117 (408) 244-8134

National Weather Service (NWS)

3310 El Camino Ave, Room 226 Sacramento, CA 95821 (916) 979-3041

Calipatria High School

601 W Main St, Calipatria, CA 92233 Calipatria City Policy Department

140 W Main St Calipatria, CA 92233

(760) 344-2111

Calipatria Fire Department

125 Park St

Calipatria, CA 92233

760-348-4144

HCD Mobilehome Park Maintenance Inspection Booklet - Operator (English)

https://www.hcd.ca.gov/sites/default/files/docs/manufactured-and-mobilehomes/hcd-mp-202.pdf

HCD Mobilehome Park Maintenance Inspection Booklet - Operator (Spanish)

https://www.hcd.ca.gov/sites/default/files/docs/manufactured-and-mobilehomes/hcd-mp-202-sp.pdf

HCD Mobilehome Park Maintenance Inspection Booklet - Residents (English)

https://www.hcd.ca.gov/sites/default/files/docs/manufactured-and-mobilehomes/hcd-mp-200.pdf

HCD Mobilehome Park Maintenance Inspection Booklet - Residents (Spanish)

https://www.hcd.ca.gov/sites/default/files/docs/manufactured-and-mobilehomes/hcd-mp-200-sp.pdf

HCD Mobilehome Park Maintenance Inspection Video (English)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ixmGLc0B7ls

HCD Mobilehome Park Maintenance Inspection Video (Spanish)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D7_0WAcYtxl

2024 California Mobilehome Residency Law

https://mobilehomes.senate.ca.gov/sites/mobilehomes.senate.ca.gov/files/1479-s 2024 mrl pdf.pdf

HCD Park Manager Training Program Senate Bill 869 FAQ - Effective May 1, 2025

https://www.hcd.ca.gov/sites/default/files/docs/manufactured-and-mobilehomes/sb-869-fag-secured.pdf

HCD Disposal of Abandoned Mobilehomes - Information Bulletin 2015-07

https://www.hcd.ca.gov/sites/default/files/docs/building-standards/ib-2015-07.pdf



Park ID No:	13-0148
Park Name:	Del Yermo RN PARK
Park Address:	263 East Alamo St, calipatria
Unit Owner's Name	Gladys Banvelos
Space No:	HA DANCELOS
Mailing Address:	**
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name	Truitt Fields
Space No:	#2
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name	Antonio Mendoza
Space No:	 工 4
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name	Gerardo Romo
Space No:	世5
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	

^{*} Please make copies if additional forms are needed.



Park ID No:	3-0148
Park Name:	Del terno Rupast
Park Address:	263 East Alamo St, CAlipation
Unit Owner's Name	Jose GARLIA
Space No:	生し
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name	Jose Espinoza
Space No:	#7
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name	Pabert Corajardo
Space No:	#8
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
	÷ 1/
Unit Owner's Name	Tegis Morens
Space No:	#12
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	

^{*} Please make copies if additional forms are needed.



Park ID No: Park Name: Park Address:	Del Yeimo RV PATK Z63 Erst Alamo St, Calipatria
Unit Owner's Name Space No: Mailing Address: Phone No: Email Address:	Sergio CANEla #15
Unit Owner's Name Space No: Mailing Address: Phone No: Email Address:	Maria De Jegus Roman #17
Unit Owner's Name Space No: Mailing Address: Phone No: Email Address:	Orilgna Gamiz
Unit Owner's Name Space No: Mailing Address: Phone No: Email Address:	Enresto Ojedo Del #21

^{*} Please make copies if additional forms are needed.



Park ID No:	13-0148
Park Name:	Det ferms 12 V Prite
Park Address:	263 Exet Alamo St, Calipathia, CA
Unit Owner's Name	Rosscena Holzschnher
Space No: Mailing Address:	#22
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name	Abundia Huesta
Space No:	± Z3
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name	Robert Willerson
Space No:	#25
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name	Pablo Ramos
Space No:	#26
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	

^{*} Please make copies if additional forms are needed.



Park ID No:	13-0148
Park Name:	Del teimo RV PHIS
Park Address:	263 Exet Alamost, Calipatria
Unit Owner's Name Space No: Mailing Address: Phone No: Email Address:	Mary Pisch #297
Unit Owner's Name	Peter Cabral
Space No:	#31
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name	OMAS HESTERO
Space No:	#32
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name	Redro Altanirano
Space No:	#34
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	

^{*} Please make copies if additional forms are needed.



Park ID No:	13-0148
Park Name:	Del termo RV PACK
Park Address:	263 Etst Alamo St, Caliportain
Unit Owner's Name Space No: Mailing Address: Phone No: Email Address:	David Otstro #35
Emar Address.	
Unit Owner's Name	Ulyado Arrizu
Space No:	#36
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name	Julio Regalado
Space No:	#37
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name	Jose ledezma
Space No:	#38
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	

^{*} Please make copies if additional forms are needed.



Park ID No:	13-0148
Park Name:	Del termo RV PACK
Park Address:	263 541 1/2 01 0
	263 Etst Alamo St, Calipateia
Unit Owner's Name	Martha Betton
Space No:	Martha Bettrano
Mailing Address:	#51
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name	Silvano Mendoza
Space No:	#40
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name	CACLOS Armenta
Space No:	生41
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
To	Par
Unit Owner's Name	Portiria Correa
Space No:	#42
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	



Park ID No:	13-0148
Park Name:	Del termo RV PARK
Park Address:	01-
	263 Etst Alamo St, CAliportain
Unit Owner's Name Space No: Mailing Address: Phone No: Email Address:	Walfred Correa
Unit Owner's Name Space No: Mailing Address:	Ernest Goth
Phone No:	
Email Address:	
Unit Owner's Name Space No: Mailing Address: Phone No: Email Address:	thery Kosch #45
Unit Owner's Name	
Space No:	
Mailing Address:	
Phone No:	
Email Address:	

^{*} Please make copies if additional forms are needed.